

Luxulyan Neighbourhood Development Plan

Regulation 14 Pre- Submission Draft

2018 - 2030

1. Introduction

- 1.1 Neighbourhood planning gives the Luxulyan community direct power to develop a shared vision and to shape the development and growth of the local area. The community are able to choose if, and where they want new homes to be built, have their say on what those new homes should look like and what infrastructure should be provided, and directly influence the grant of planning permission for the new homes they want to see go ahead.
- 1.2 A neighbourhood development plan concerns the future development in the Parish. It is also about the use of land and the environment. The plan must take into account what local people want and can only be approved once a local referendum has taken place. The neighbourhood development plan will form part of the statutory Development Plan for the Parish and therefore planning decisions need to be made in accordance with the neighbourhood development plan.
- 1.3 The creation of a neighbourhood development plan is part of the government's approach to planning, as contained in the Localism Act 2011.
- 1.4 Luxulyan Parish Council applied to Cornwall Council, on 4th June 2016, to designate the Parish as a "Neighbourhood Area." Cornwall Council formally designated the Neighbourhood Area on 4th August 2016 in accordance with the Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012.
- 1.5 The aim of the Luxulyan Parish Council in producing a Luxulyan Neighbourhood Development Plan (LNDP) is to put forward the wishes of the local community with regard to future development. In order to do this a Steering Group was created, this group included members of the Parish Council and also local residents, all of whom volunteered their services for this process.

2. The Neighbourhood Development Plan Process

- 2.1 The process for the creation of the LNDP included: -
 - Luxulyan Parish Council consulted residents and other interested stakeholders on the designation of this area.
 - The consultation ran between Wednesday 22 June and 3 August 2016.
 - To provide information about what a Neighbourhood Development Plan is, and to advertise a community event, a flyer was issued and circulated with the parish magazine.
 - A community consultation event was held on 9th July 2016 in the Village Hall.
 - Questionnaires were issued to get general indication about people's views and concerns.

- This process was assisted by Cornwall Rural Community Charity and a grant was obtained to pay for support.
 - Following these initial discussions, a Steering Group was formed with the initial meeting being held on 14th November 2016.
- 2.2 The Steering Group put together a survey which was then distributed to all households within the Parish during September 2017 inviting them to make comments and observations on a number of different topics. To publicise the survey two exhibitions were held on Saturday 2nd September 2017 at the Plant Swap and coffee morning in Luxulyan Memorial Institute, and on Saturday 9th September 2017 as part of the twentieth Anniversary celebrations held by The Friends of Luxulyan Valley at Luxulyan Village Hall. Following the consultation and questionnaire the analysis of the responses reveals 611 questionnaires were sent out, 163 completed responses were received. This equates to 27% return.
- 2.3 The results of this survey will be further considered in Section 5 with the survey results being published in detail as part of the Evidence Base Document (EBD).
- 2.4 The LNDP contains policies that have been put together in response to survey results and evidence of housing need and environmental considerations as supplied by Cornwall Council in conjunction with the policies and guidelines set out in the other relevant national guidance and the Cornwall Local Plan (CLP). Further detail can be found in the accompanying EBD and the resultant policies can be seen in Section 8. Once these policies have been agreed and accepted they will form part of Cornwall's Development Plan and they will become a "Planning Consideration" which will ensure that the voice of the Parish is heard in any future developments.
- 2.5 The policies of the LNDP will apply to the 'Plan Area' as set out in the Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012 Regulation 5 application for designation of a neighbourhood area.

Plan Area

Figure 1



2.6 The Plan Period

- 2.7 The plan period of the LNDP will be from when the plan is 'made' to 31st March 2030, the end date of the Development Plan the Cornwall Local Plan.

3. Guidelines

- 3.1 There are two senior tiers of planning legislation and guidance that it will be necessary for the LNDP to follow:
 - The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) – This is national legislation that Local and Neighbourhood Plans must follow. It states: ‘Neighbourhood planning gives communities direct power to develop a shared vision for their neighbourhood and deliver the sustainable development they need. Neighbourhood Plans must be in general conformity with the strategic policies of the Local Plan, neighbourhood plans should reflect these policies and neighbourhoods should plan positively to support them. Neighbourhood Plans and Orders should not promote less development than set out in the Local Plan or undermine its strategic policies’
 - The Cornwall Local Plan: This is the adopted Local Plan for the county.
- 3.2 The LNDP has been prepared in accordance with the NPPF, the CLP, Neighbourhood Planning Regulations 2012 and the European Directive on Strategic Environmental Assessment 2004, compliance with the Regulations and Directive is set out in the accompanying Basic Conditions Statement.
- 3.3 This LNDP will be subject to an independent examination. It must demonstrate that the policies contained are consistent with the basic conditions as set out in the Regulations.

4. Description of the Parish

- 4.1 Luxulyan is a rural parish with an historic church town and dispersed hamlets, reflecting a traditional settlement pattern in the Cornish countryside. In addition to this there are significant areas of historic and archaeological importance, including part of a World Heritage Site and Areas of Great Landscape Value.
- 4.2 There are extensive areas of protected habitat, including Sites of Special Scientific Interest. It is predominantly agricultural, including larger farms and smallholdings, with one major employer, which is a meat-processing plant in a hamlet north of the village providing some local employment, and additionally other businesses/organisations employing between 10 and 30 staff. In the village, there is an industrial estate, a primary school, a pub and a shop. Most people in employment travel to nearby towns. Most people live in Luxulyan village, which includes 5 estates dating from the 1960s onwards. There is a mix of housing types, as well as two residential sites with park homes. Within the parish there are several residential sites occupied by travellers. In the village and most hamlets modern housing types (1960s onwards) predominate. There are two main meeting venues, the Village Hall and the recently refurbished Memorial Institute. The parish church forms a focal point in the village. The Saints’ Way footpath passes through the parish, as does a National Cycle Route. Many people come to the village in order to visit Luxulyan Valley World Heritage Site.
- 4.3 The 2011 census information states there are 1800 inhabitants and 778 homes in the Luxulyan area [1441 for Luxulyan parish – 2014 ONS population estimate]. Of these residents 260 are under 15, 1030 of working age 15-65, and 510 are over 65. Caravans or temporary dwellings make up 11.5% of the homes. The largest sector for number of businesses is Agriculture at 19%, followed by Construction with 13% and then Professional/Technical with 11%.

Figure 2
The approximate location of the main settlements in Luxulyan Parish.

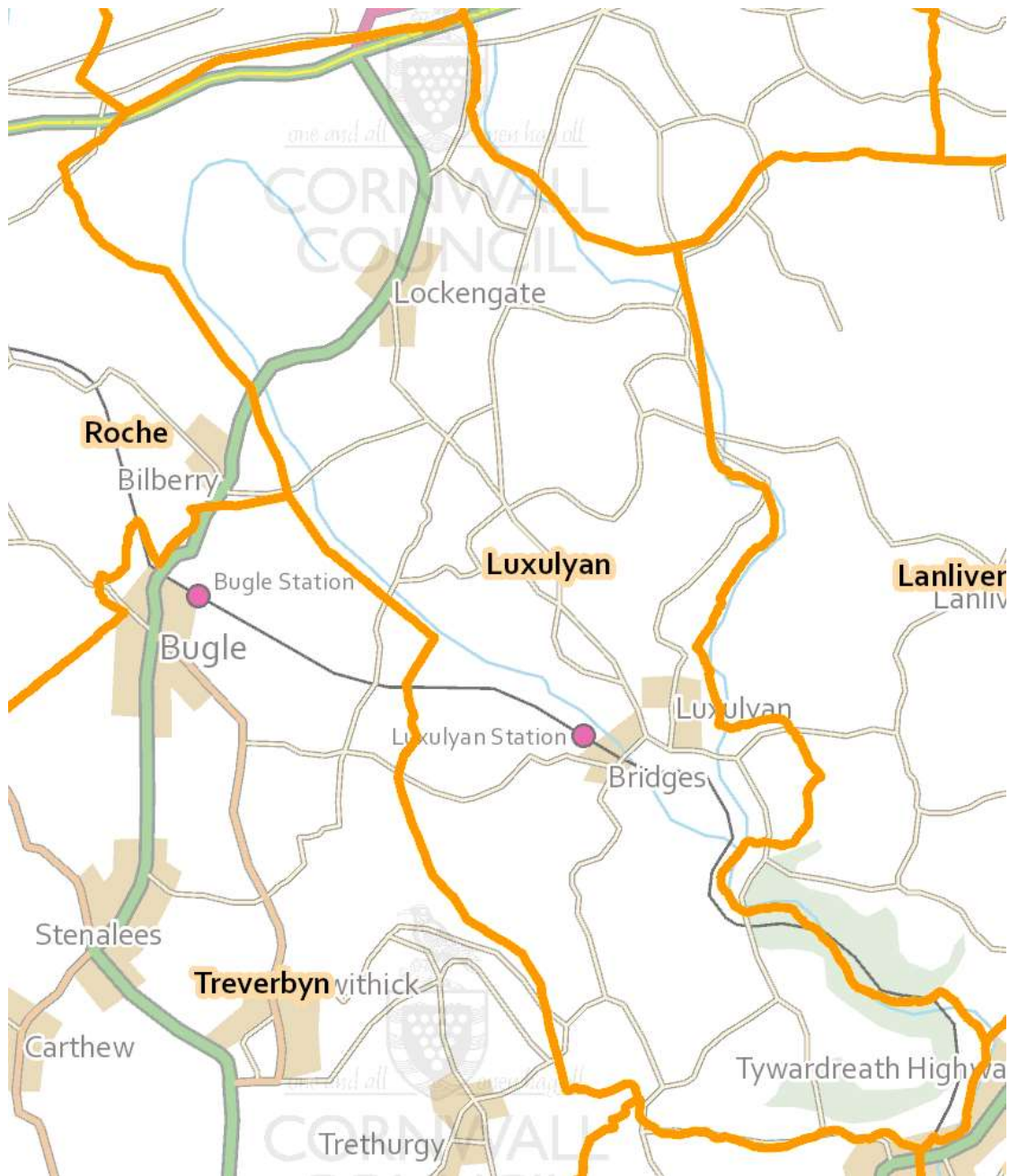
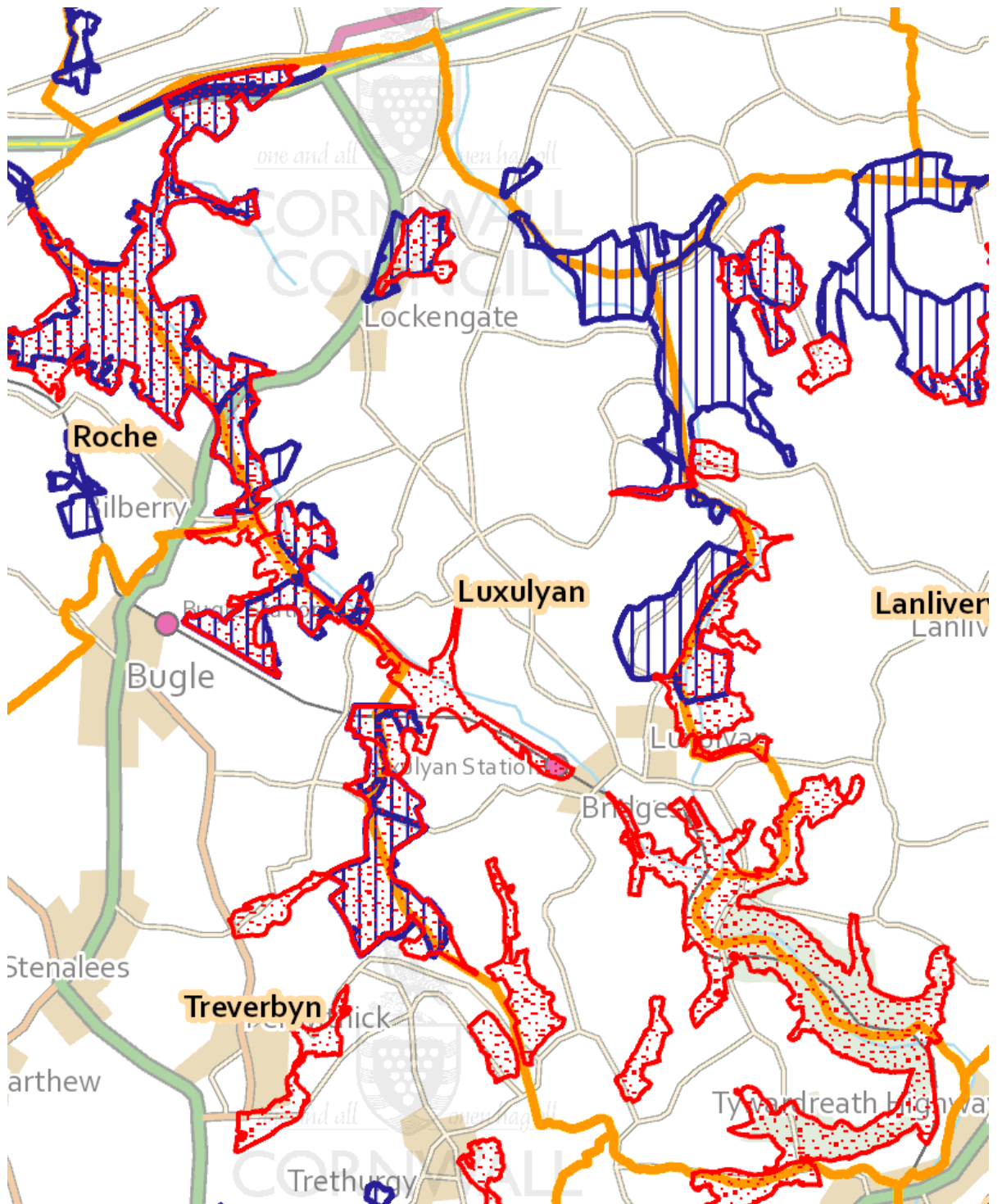


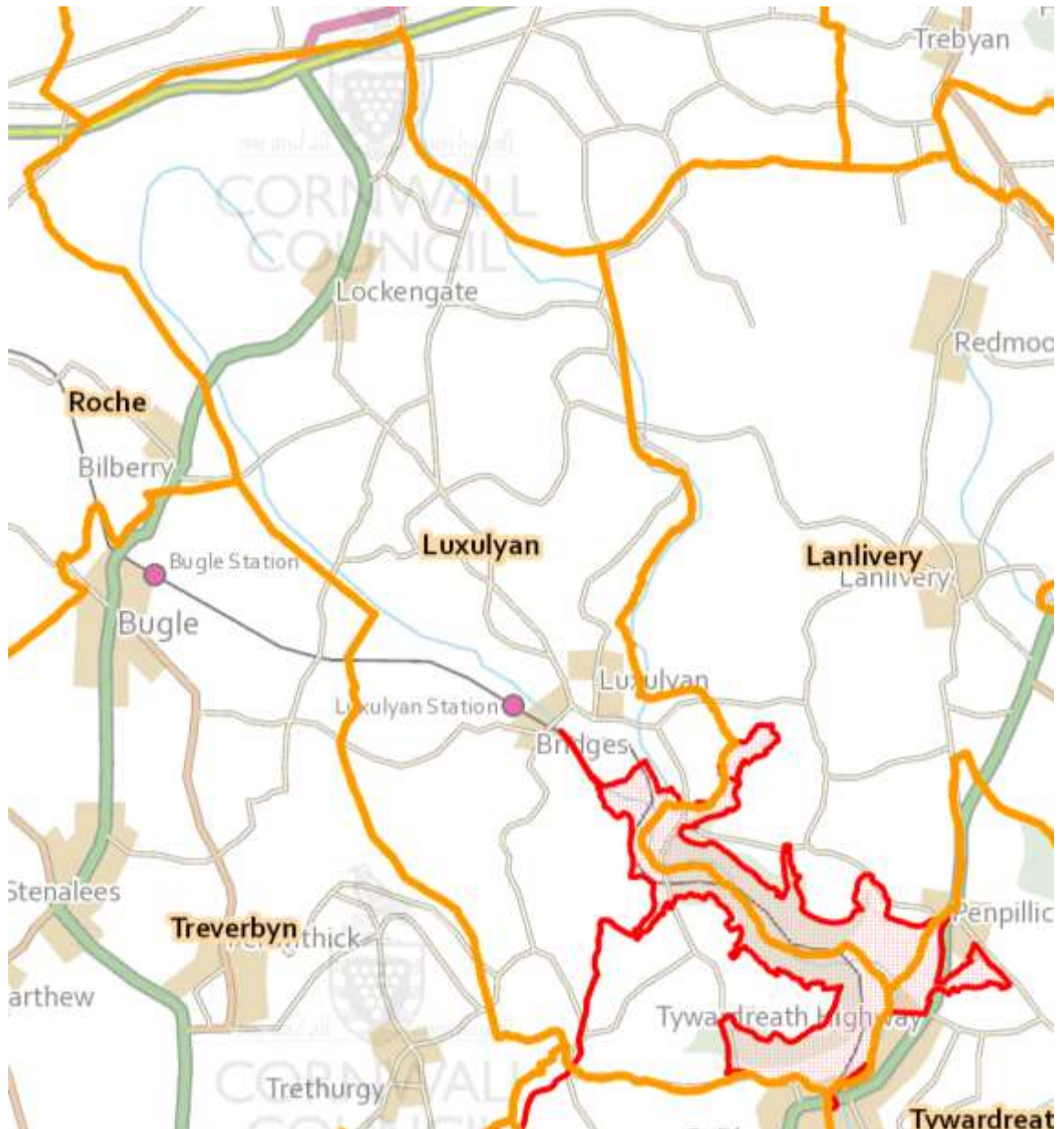
Figure 3

Statutory Designations



Blue shows SSSIs.
Red shows County Wildlife Sites.

World Heritage Site



- 4.4 There are 56 listed buildings and 7 scheduled ancient monuments within the Parish. The landscape of much of the Parish is described in the Cornwall Landscape Assessment 1994 - Cornwall County Council as rolling low hills with small to medium scale field pattern, with sinuous boundaries [classified as anciently enclosed], closely linked to the settlement pattern of dispersed farming hamlets. In some places this field pattern has been altered to create larger fields. These open fields are balanced by the frequency of trees and small woods, often occurring as dense mixed woodland on the sides of incised valleys.

5. View of the Community

5.1 The following is a brief summary of the some of the areas covered within the questionnaire survey and responses. The full results are published separately in the EBD.

- The vast majority of respondents want future development to be within existing settlement patterns.
- A significant number of responses indicated new development should be focused on providing lower cost houses for people with a local connection.
- The Community would like to see sites with potential for low-cost housing in particular land between Bridges/railway line to Chapel Field.
- There were a significant minority of negative responses to further development.
- The responses reinforce the need for housing to support local people and local facilities, e.g. the school. There is little appetite to develop homes that encourage new people into the parish, therefore, any future planning agreements should be specifically aimed at supporting local housing needs and community facilities.
- 62% of the respondents believe that new homes should be spread among a greater number of small sites, to help meet the ambition of the community to promote affordable housing for local people.
- The responses show a definite wish that new houses should be of a smaller size for smaller family/start-up homes and homes adapted for older people.
- The responses about the tenure of new homes indicates a mixture of priorities but primarily that people would like to own, or part-own their own home, provided there was an opportunity to buy or part-buy at a realistic price. However, a significant number of responses also felt it was important to have more homes for rent.
- Respondents felt new homes should be energy efficient and there should be a mix of homes that match the existing styles in that particular locality.
- 35 responses indicated a lack of available properties that are affordable to buy or rent (this has included people having to buy outside Luxulyan parish when they would rather have stayed, these specific examples reinforce the need to prioritise local needs as regards to housing).
- When asked about employment in the Parish the majority of people felt it was reasonably important to create extra job opportunities, it wasn't given as high a priority as might have been expected, employment in the parish is an important factor and serious consideration should be given to support planning applications which don't impact adversely on residential amenities or protected designated areas.
- People in the parish would prefer small businesses to be set up and suggestions varied from retail outlets/cafes to IT/office to light industrial units a few of the suggestions would not be sustainable given the size of the village/parish. Current infrastructure/road links are not adequate for any larger scale business, some comments suggested that there should be no further business expansion.
- There is a significant concern about the speed and volume of traffic. There were also a number of concerns about larger vehicles/tractors.
- The responses seem to indicate that most people are happy with the character of the parish as it is but understand the need for development (homes and employment) as long as it is in keeping with the nature of the parish. There are some concerns about the capacity of the infrastructure to cope with too much expansion.

6. Vision and aims

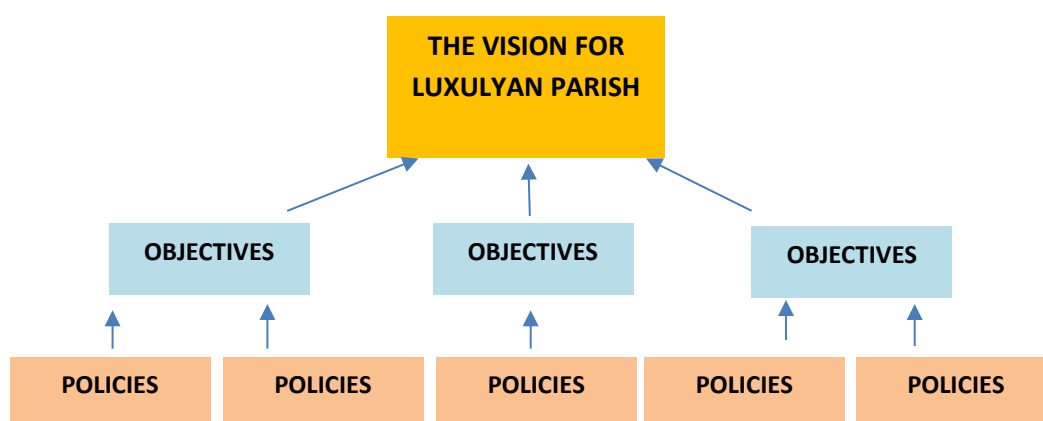
- 6.1 Every plan has an aim and for the LNDP the aim is for the policies to help achieve a 'Vision' for Luxulyan Parish by 2030. The Vision is as follows:-

THE VISION FOR LUXULYAN PARISH

"In 2030 Luxulyan Parish will be a vibrant rural community with housing and employment opportunities that are sympathetically sited within the parish, respecting its heritage, built and natural environments, all producing a balanced economic and social community.

- 6.2. In order to achieve this Vision a number of 'Objectives' are set and then, in turn, in order to achieve these Objectives, a number of Policies are set out. It is these policies that will have to be taken into consideration when Planning Officers determine future Planning Applications, thereby helping to turn the aspirations of the LNDP into a reality. The way the Vision, Objectives and Policies link together is illustrated in Figure 4.

Figure 4



- 6.3 The objectives for Luxulyan Parish are:

- Maintain the existing character of the parish as a viable working rural area.
- Ensure that local people can shape the future development of the parish, including the scale, type and tenure of housing in order to meet identified local needs.
- Improve and enhance the existing community spirit so that everyone feels that they belong and are valued.
- Encourage quality of life for all inhabitants, including vulnerable groups.
- Protect and celebrate natural and historic environment and promote activity that is environmentally sustainable.
- Support small-scale employment opportunities.
- Develop transport links that accommodate motor vehicles whilst encouraging cycling, walking and horse-riding.

- 6.4. To meet the objectives a number of aims have been identified that can be addressed by future development and planning decisions, and are outlined within the policies:
- To meet future housing needs of the Parish. (Policies LH 1-4)
 - To protect the Natural Environment and Open Spaces. (Policies LLNE1)

Luxulyan Parish Housing Statement

7.0 Housing Requirement

- 7.1 Cornwall's Local Plan apports 900 dwellings to be delivered in the eleven parishes that make up the rural area of the St Blazey, Fowey, and Lostwithiel CNA. Figures supplied by Cornwall Council are presented in Table 1 and show that Luxulyan Parish needs to deliver a minimum of 22 new dwellings between 2018 and 2030, to be considered in general conformity with the Local Plan.

Table 1: Minimum housing target to be in conformity with Cornwall's Local Plan.

	(a) Local Plan Housing Target (April 2010-April 2030)	(b) CNA Commitments (-10%) (April 2017)	(c) CNA Completions (April 2010 – April 2017)	(d) Local Plan Target (April 2017-April 2030) (a- (b+c))
St Blazey, Fowey, and Lostwithiel CNA (Rural)	900	715	412	185
	(e) Adjusted Pro Rata rate	(f) Parish Commitments (-10%) (April 2017)	(g) Parish Completions (April 2010 – April 2017)	(h) Parish 's share of the remaining Local Plan Target ((e÷100)xd)
Luxulyan Parish	7.6%	11	35	22

- 7.2 Research carried out during the drafting of the LNDP (available within the EBD) has demonstrated that, in order to satisfy local housing demand, approximately 22 dwellings should be delivered. The LNDP therefore seeks to deliver a minimum of approximately 22 dwellings in the period 2018-2030.

Delivering Luxulyan Parish Housing

- 7.3 The LNDP seeks to facilitate the delivery of at least 22 new dwellings as individual and small developments. This is to ensure that development takes place in the most appropriate areas, to a scale which is in keeping with the Parish's settlements and which contributes to preserving and enhancing the identity of Luxulyan Parish. Table 2 sets out an estimation of the number of dwellings that the LNDP policies provide for:-

Table 2: Estimated housing provision resulting from the policies of LNDP

Policy	Estimated number of dwellings
LH1 - Areas for future housing under Policy 9 of the CLP	20
LH2 - Rural Exceptions Housing for Local People	5
LH3 - Housing on Farms	4
LH4 - Housing for Older People	4
Total number of houses planned for:	33

8. Policies

- 8.1 The LNDP contains a series of policies, the successful delivery of which during the plan period will meet the aims and, in turn, achieve the community's vision for the Parish.
- 8.2 The policies are in bold. The intention stated for each policy contains background, explanations and rationales.

Housing Policies

- 8.3 Public consultation feedback has indicated that there is a desire for a limited amount of new housing in the parish and that development should allow for at least 22 new dwellings over the period of this Plan (2018-2030). The development of unallocated sites is supported by the LNDP, recognising that some development will inevitably come forward in response to specific local demand, as well as reflecting the preference by a majority of respondents to the LNDP community engagement for the development of individual plots.

Areas for consideration for future exception sites housing under Policy 9 of the CLP

- 8.4 Reasoned justification

The LNDP seeks to accommodate housing growth by prioritising affordable homes for local people through encouraging innovative opportunities under CLP Policy 3 whilst retaining the essential rural character of the Parish. Development of single plots for affordable homes in hamlets or group of buildings will help increase opportunities but

this is unlikely to fulfil all the demand but equally the need is too small to allocate specific sites so the LNDP identifies two areas adjoining Luxulyan village which are suitable for exception schemes for affordable housing led proposals under CLP Policy 3 and Policy 9.

8.5 Intention

To identify appropriate areas for future housing, while retaining the existing settlement pattern so as to meet the evidenced local housing need identified in the CLP and LNDP survey.

Relevant Higher Level Policies
NPPF paragraphs 50, 54 and 55
CLP Policy 1, 2, 3, 9 and PP9

Figure 5 - Map

Luxulyan Neighbourhood Development Plan recommend areas for future housing.



Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment 2012 – 2015. Reference S126.
Chapel Field, opposite Village Hall.



Additional zone for possible housing

LH1 - Areas for future housing

Housing proposals will be supported in either of these areas and will be expected to deliver affordable homes in accordance with CLP 9.

- 8.6 Housing Area 1 is the land around the Station and the Beswetherick Fields development; Housing Area 2 includes Chapel Field. These areas have been assessed revealing Area 1 has a recent consent for housing and Area 2 has been reviewed by Cornwall Council under a recent Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment 2012 – 2015 (<http://www.cornwall.gov.uk/community-and-living/mapping/>) and deemed developable and deliverable. Assessments of each area have been undertaken and are available in the LNDP Evidence Base. The assessments found no factors which would render either site not developable for a scheme pursuant to CLP Policy 9.

Rural Exceptions Housing for Local People

- 8.7 Reasoned Justification

There is a general need for affordable, high quality housing in the Parish, which is evidenced by the LNDP survey (see responses to questions 7 and 8 of LNDP Evidence Base) and the advice of Cornwall Council's Affordable Housing Team and the HomeChoice register of local housing need (see Evidence Base). Cornwall Council advises there are currently 37 households registered and seeking affordable rented homes. Based on past long-term development of new housing around the Parish, at roughly two homes a year, and looking forward over the plan period the Parish Council considers new housing opportunities under the following policies would deliver some of the twenty-two new homes by 2030. The following policies are in line with CLP Policy allowing new housing which is defined as affordable by reason of approvals being subject to a Section 106 agreement. These opportunities are expected to include new build and conversions of existing buildings. Where new dwellings are proposed these should preferably be within the curtilage of existing properties or groups of buildings.

- 8.8 Policy LH2 seeks to protect the future of local families and the sustainability of the community. Evidence supporting examination of the CLP policies and from Cornwall Council's Economy Monitoring Monthly Update, March 2018 indicates house prices as a multiple of earnings are for many, unaffordable particularly if they wish to stay local to the Parish for family or community links. This policy recognises the Community's concerns about the provision of new housing in the Parish. This will provide local support for CLP Policy 9 encouraging more sites within the Parish where the opportunity and the need for affordable housing coincide. The provision of housing which is secured as affordable in rural areas can benefit, not only the initial occupier(s), who may have work, family links, caring responsibilities or simply the best opportunity to provide a suitable house for themselves, but it will also benefit the local community in the long term by ensuring that the dwelling is available after initial occupation to those in housing need in the future from the Parish. Such housing may provide additional benefits in terms of sustaining the local community, the shop and school, or by providing opportunities for employment for people able to work from home.

- 8.9 Intention

The intention of Policy LH2 is to allow local people to access housing which is achievable and affordable to them in the Parish. This policy is intended to help those

local people who have access to land or buildings and who cannot afford to buy or rent on the open market but who have the means, skills or ability to convert existing buildings or build a new home for themselves. An affordable home is likely to be acceptable if designed to be appropriate to the unit homes sizes as indicated by Cornwall Council.

8.10 The response to Question 7 of the LNDP Questionnaire showed 60.9% of responders wish that new houses should be of a smaller size (2-3 bedrooms) for smaller families/start-up homes and question 8 achieved a similar 60.6% response that these should be affordable, thereby ranking both matters as the most important to the community.

Relevant Higher Level Policies
NPPF paragraphs 50, 54 and 55
CLP Policy 1, 2, 3, 7, 9, and PP9

LH2 - Rural Exceptions Housing for Local People

Affordable housing will be permitted to meet a local need where this need is evidenced and where the development does not have an unacceptable impact on the visual and landscape amenity of the area. This may be acceptable in the case of either new build dwellings or conversion of traditional buildings. In each case ancillary works such as access, outbuildings and curtilage boundaries should not have an unacceptable impact on the visual and landscape amenity of the area.

The Parish Council would normally expect Cornwall Council to restrict Permitted Development rights to ensure the justification for the dwelling remains linked to housing need and affordability.

New dwellings will be supported where the following criteria apply:

- 1. The proposal is to deliver a home for discounted sale or rent**
- 2. The proposal should be well-related to existing hamlets**
- 3. The property has a maximum of 3 bedrooms although up to 4 bedrooms may be considered in exceptional circumstances**
- 4. The property must be used as a principal residence.**
- 5. Applications to extend or otherwise enlarge these properties will not normally be supported.**
- 8. Self-build, modular and other innovative low-cost housing models are encouraged under this policy.**

This policy applies to new build properties and to the conversion or re-use of existing buildings, including where appropriate the change of use of holiday units to permanent residential accommodation where the above criteria are met.

Housing on Farms

8.11 Reasoned Justification

Providing flexibility for farmers (or rural businesses) is an important objective if farms in the Luxulyan area are to remain viable and family owned and run. Farms in the area

may already have unrestricted dwellings associated with the enterprise. This allows the farmer to use a second dwelling for family members, to help manage generational transition, create extra income through holiday letting, or simply to allow local people to rent a dwelling. However, current planning policy is silent on allowing such flexible use of dwellings on farms. It tends to expect that farmers want either to provide holiday letting accommodation, or housing for an agricultural worker, or to provide a form of affordable housing. All of these possible planning consents are tightly controlled without any in-built flexibility. To provide new housing on farms which has this flexibility will give the farmer better control of the business, allow easier investment decisions, and allow family members to remain on hand for changing circumstances within the sector or within the family. Where new housing is required, for any of these purposes, a justification for it should be made in relation to at least the purposes, or a combination of purposes. In terms of local housing need, evidence of a housing need will be required; in terms of managing generational transition, the family circumstances should show that either one household is retiring, or one household is emerging and engaged in farming or caring for another family member; in terms of holiday letting, a viability assessment showing that the income from the new dwelling will help ensure the viability of the farm (or rural) business.

8.12 Intention

This policy is intended to help existing farms or established businesses remain viable, family run, or provide rented accommodation for local people. The safeguard to prevent abuse of this policy is to ensure that these dwellings are to remain an indivisible part of that farm or rural business. New houses allowed under this policy will be subject to restrictions that they will only be occupied by persons with a local connection.

Relevant Higher Level Policies

NPPF paragraphs 28, 50, 54 and 55

CLP Policy 1, 2, 3, 7, 13, 14, 23, and PP9

LH3 - Housing on Farms

Established farm enterprises or rural businesses may have additional dwellings that can be used by family members, holiday letting or renting to local people.

Applications for any additional housing must be accompanied by justification for at least one of the forms of housing that the policy intends to permit. In addition, it will be subject to a Section 106 Legal Agreement which specifically permits the use of the property to housing for family members, holiday letting, farm worker, and for rent to local people. The Section 106 Agreement will prevent the sale of the property except as part of the farm enterprise or rural business or alternatively, as an affordable dwelling.

Consideration of the siting and design of such new houses will be important to allow both the flexibility that the policy intends and also ensuring that there will be no unacceptable impact upon the visual or landscape amenity of the area. The reuse of an existing traditional building within the landscape or a suitable plot within or near to the existing farmyard, may prove to be a suitable site.

Such development should be limited to a maximum of 3 properties per farm where such a need is clearly demonstrated. 'Local people' shall include only those who live or work within the Parish or have immediate family ties within the Parish.

Housing for Older People

8.13 Reasoned Justification

Steps need to be taken to facilitate the delivery of housing for older people. The Luxulyan area has a high proportion of older people and owner occupiers. When those households need more specialised housing there is at times a lack of choice and there is the possibility of older people occupying larger unsuitable properties. Currently there is no housing stock tailored for the elderly.

8.14 Intention

This policy seeks to meet the need for more affordable housing for the Luxulyan area by allowing older people to build new homes and therefore stay in the Parish while adding to the stock of affordable homes. To qualify for consideration older persons housing should be restricted in future to be considered as Intermediate Homes for sale at a percentage of 60% of the Open Market Value.

Relevant Higher Level Policies

NPPF paragraphs 50, 54 and 55

CLP Policy 1, 2, 3, 7, 13, 14, 22, and PP9

LH4 - Housing for Older People

Within Luxulyan Parish housing developments that address the local need for older persons' housing will be supported. This can occur through the provision of bungalows or other suitable housing types.

Proposals when at least one occupant is over state pensionable age (or requires specialist housing by virtue of personal incapacity or impairment) but are not deemed to be in housing need will be supported.

The new dwelling will be subject to a s106 Legal Agreement ensuring that it remains available for local households where one member is over the state retirement age, or can be sold or rented as an affordable dwelling for local people in perpetuity.

- 8.15 These will also free up larger houses in the Parish for families and allow older people to-release equity.

Local Landscape Character

9.1 Reasoned justification

To protect and enhance the landscape and important areas of local green space and encourage its appreciation by local people and visitors.

- 9.2 The areas and features that the LNDP seeks to afford protection are those that have been recognised as being special. These areas include those that do not have a statutory designation but have been recognised by Cornwall Council as being of local importance and given a local designation, such as in the Cornwall & Isle of Scilly Landscape Character Assessment (CA 39 St Austell Bay and Luxulyan Valley), County Wildlife Sites and the Area of Great Landscape Value.

- 9.3 The LNDP also seeks to retain the much-loved local scenery in keeping with the responses to the questionnaire to preserve the tranquillity, dark skies, Cornish hedges, quality of the landscape, unique granite boulders, village amenities, farming landscape, field patterns, trees & woodlands, stream, ridges & skylines, and historic features.
- 9.4 The area determined to be the most important to the landscape and historic setting of Luxulyan, by the responses to the questionnaire, is identified in yellow.

Figure 6 (To be replaced by an OS Base map)



- 9.5 Intention
This policy seeks to maintain, and where possible enhance Luxulyan's special, highly valued landscape and natural environment with its rich diversity.
- 9.6 Development should be centred around and within existing settlements including the village, hamlets and farms as this is the current ethos of Luxulyan and the Parish. Large estate type developments will not be allowed, and any development must be sympathetic to the current housing density and pattern of the immediate area and village setting, in particular recognising the need for separation to be maintained between the historic setting of Luxulyan village and nearby hamlets, such as Rosemelling and Treskilling. No development will be supported in the area highlighted in yellow in the plan above.

Relevant Higher Level Policies.
NPPF paragraphs 9, 109 and 118
CLP Policy

LLNE1: Local Landscape Character.

Proposals for development will be supported where they have demonstrated that they respond to local character and reflect the identity of the local surroundings. Where development is proposed which will detract from, or have an adverse impact on existing landscape characteristics that have been identified by the community or by the Cornwall & Isle of Scilly Landscape Character Assessment (CA 39 St Austell Bay and Luxulyan Valley), as the essence of the character of the local area, it will not be supported.

10. Glossary of Terms

EBD – Evidence Base Document

CNA – Community Network Area

CLP – Cornwall Local Plan LNDP – Luxulyan Neighbourhood Development Plan

NPPF – National Planning Policy Framework

The Parish – Luxulyan Parish

11. Background Reference Documents

Basic Conditions Statement

Statement of Public Consultation

Copy of the Public Notice
National Planning Policy Framework March 2012
Planning Practice Guidance March 2014 (as amended)
The Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended)
The Localism Act 2011
The Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012
Cornwall Local Plan Strategic Policies November 2016
Cornwall Council Design Guide 2013
<https://www.britishlistedbuildings.co.uk/england/luxulyan-cornwall#.Wjj6X01LGcY>